

Faro Mine Remediation Project

Presentation to YSSC

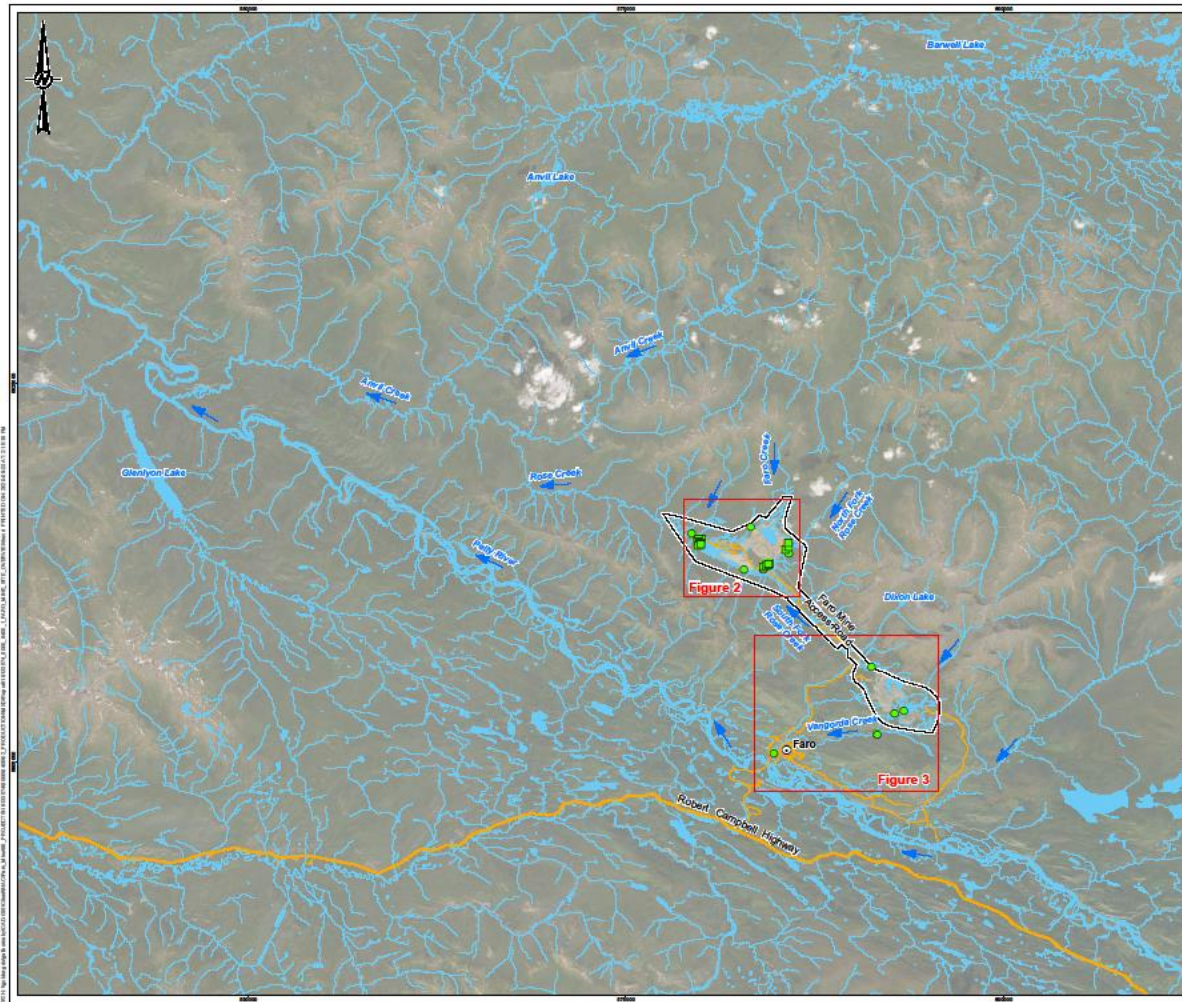
Feb 22, 2021

Presentation Outline

1. Faro Mine Background and History
2. Quartz Mining 101
3. SFN YESAB EC Workshop Project Scope Presentation

Faro Mine Background and History

- Opened around 1969 by Cyrus Anvil Range and operated until 1998 when the last owner went bankrupt
- One of the largest open pit lead zinc mines in the world with footprint of 25 km²
- The 2nd most contaminated site in Canada with 70 million tons of tailings and 320 million tons of waste rock that is acidifying and releasing heavy metals such as Zinc, Iron, Manganese, Cobalt, Sulphate and Arsenic into surface and groundwater in the Pelly drainage
- Release of these contaminants predicted to increase for the next 50 years or more
- Vangorda mine site open in 1993 and connected to Faro site by a haul road



- LEGEND**
- GROUNDWATER SAMPLING LOCATION
 - SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION
 - TOWN
 - ➔ DIRECTION OF FLOW
 - FARO MINE COMPLEX SAMPLING AREA
 - HIGHWAY
 - ROAD
 - WATERCOURSE
 - WATERBODY



NOTES
 1. STATION 086004: PELLEY RIVER BELOW VANGORDA CREEK IS OPERATED BY THE WATER SURVEY OF CANADA.

REFERENCES
 DATUM: NAD83 CGRS PROJECTION: UTM ZONE 8

CLIENT
 CROWN-INDIGENOUS RELATIONS AND NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT
 FARO OPERATIONAL ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN 2020 WORKSHOP

Faro Mine Remediation Project:
 Projet d'amélioration de la mine Faro.

TITLE
 FARO MINE COMPLEX - SITE OVERVIEW

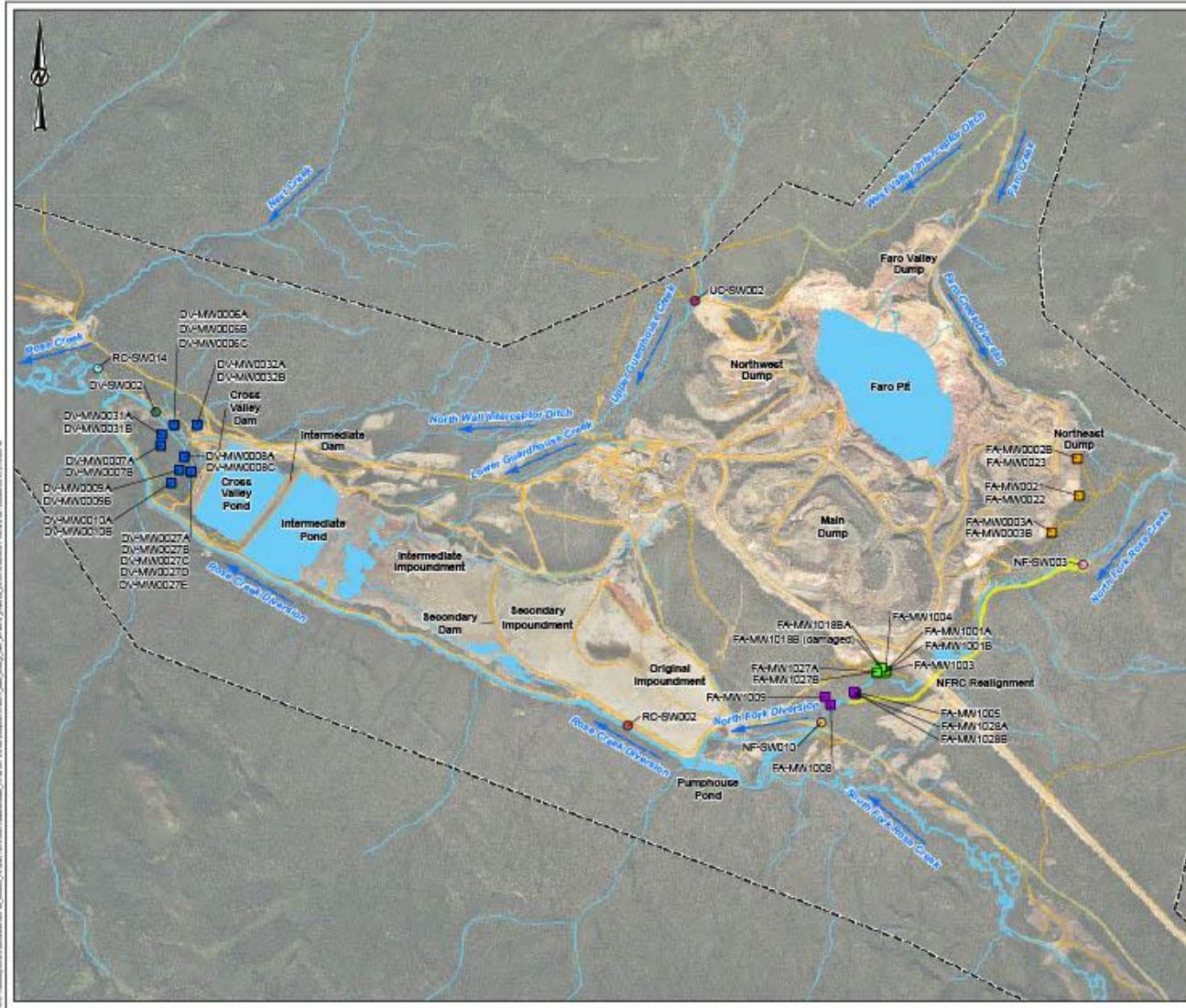
CONSULTANT	YYYY-MM-DD	2020-08-25	
GOLDER	DESIGNED	AN	
	DRAWN	LH	
	REVIEWED		
	APPROVED		
PROJECT NO. 19133574	CONTROL 8000/6400	REV A	FIGURE 1

FARO MINE OPERATIONAL ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN 2020 WORKSHOP
 CROWN-INDIGENOUS RELATIONS AND NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT
 PROJECT
 FARO MINE COMPLEX - SITE OVERVIEW

Quartz Mining 101

Key Mine Features

- Mine Pit
- Ore Crusher
- Waste Rock Dumps
- Tailings Ponds



LEGEND

- FARO MINE COMPLEX SAMPLING AREA
- ROAD
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- NFRRC REALIGNMENT
- WATERCOURSE
- WATERBODY

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING LOCATION / EVENT

- NFR-2
- NFR-4
- NFR-5
- RC-3

SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION / EVENT

- NFR-1
- NFR-3
- RC-1
- RC-2
- RC-4
- UC-1



NOTES

- STATION 08/08M: PELLY RIVER BELOW VANKORDA CREEK IS OPERATED BY THE WATER SURVEY OF CANADA.

REFERENCES

DATUM: NAD83 CRS: PROJECTION: UTM ZONE 8

CLIENT

CROWN-INDIGENOUS RELATIONS AND NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT

FARO OPERATIONAL ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN 2020 WORKSHOP

Faro Mine Reconciliation Project
Projet d'auventement de l'amine Faro

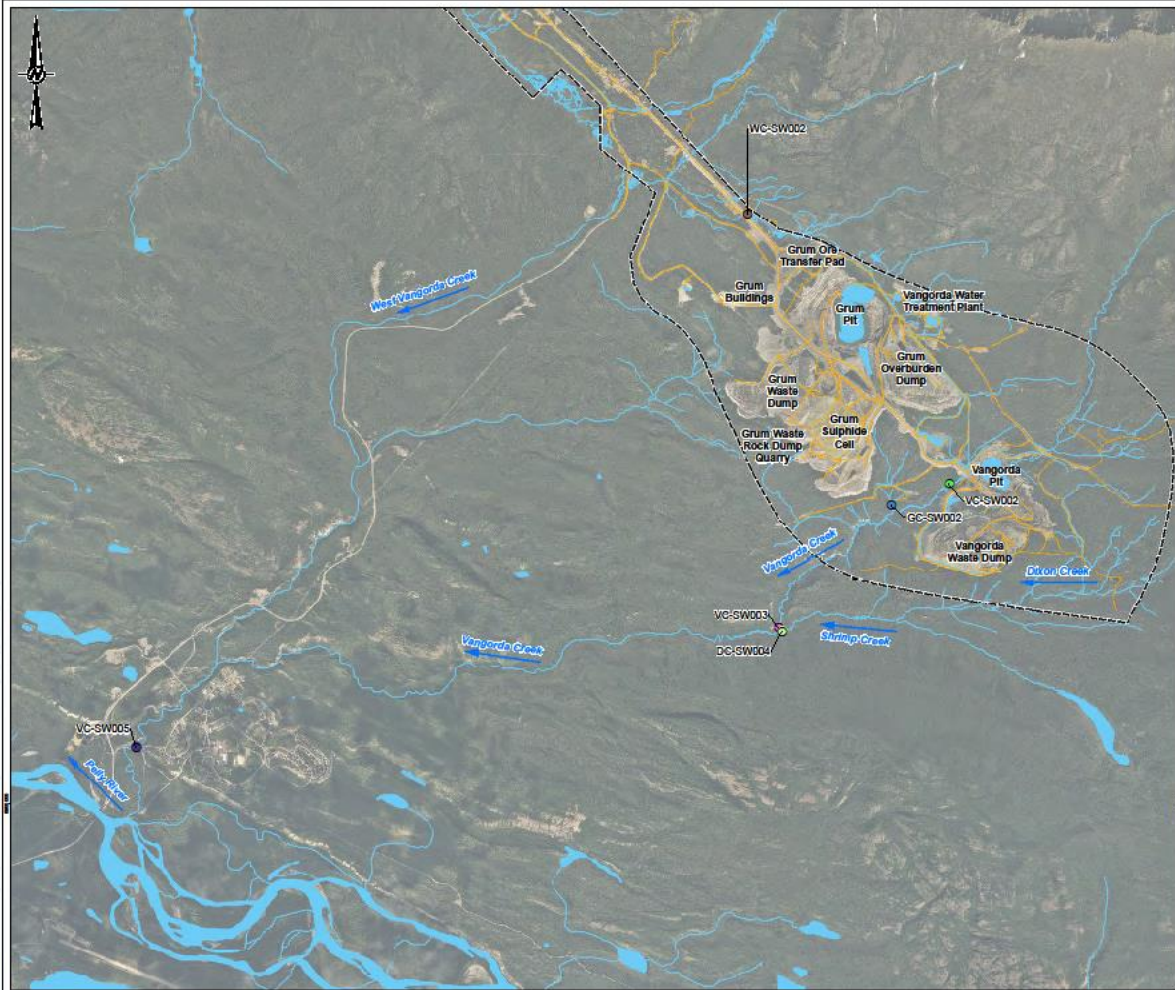
TITLE

FARO MINE SITE - GENERAL LAYOUT

	DATE	2020-09-23
	DESIGNED	AM
	PREPARED	LH
	REVIEWED	
	APPROVED	

PROJECT NO.	CONTROL	REV	FIGURE
19133574	8000/8400	A	2

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LEGEND

- FARO MINE COMPLEX SAMPLING AREA
- ROAD
- DIRECTION OF FLOW
- WATERCOURSE
- WATERBODY

SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION / EVENT

- VC-SW005
- WC-SW002
- GC-SW002
- VC-SW002
- VC-SW003
- DC-SW004

NOTES

1. STATION 086004: PELLY RIVER BELOW VANGORDA CREEK IS OPERATED BY THE WATER SURVEY OF CANADA.

REFERENCES

DATUM: NAD83 CGRS PROJECTION: UTM ZONE 8

CLIENT
CROWN-INDIGENOUS RELATIONS AND NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT
FARO OPERATIONAL ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN 2020 WORKSHOP

CLIENT
Faro Mine Remediation Project
Projet d'amélioration de la mine Faro

TITLE
VANGORDA AREA - GENERAL SITE LAYOUT

CONSULTANT
GOLDER

YYYY-MM-DD	2020-08-23
DESIGNED	AN
DRAWN	LH
REVIEWED	
APPROVED	

PROJECT NO. 19133574 **CONTROL** 8000/6400 **REV.** A **FIGURE** 3

Key Faro Remediation Measures

1. Route clean water around mine site and design for 1 in 200 year flood
2. System of wells to intercept contaminated groundwater and pump up and store in pit for treatment
3. Treatment of contaminated water from pit during the winter release below mine site
4. Install impervious clay/soil covers on waste rock dumps and tailings facilities to reduce infiltration of rain and snow and leaching of contaminants into downstream surface and groundwater
5. Estimated cost \$30+ million a year ~ \$1 Billion over 25 years

Key Remediation issues and uncertainties

- Waste rock dumps are acidifying and groundwater contamination is rapidly increasing and moving downstream
- High level of uncertainty on rate of acidification of waste rock dumps and tailings facilities over long term and resulting levels of contaminants in groundwater
- Assumptions are that most contaminated groundwater will be intercepted but a high level of uncertainty about contaminant levels— so even a little seepage can have high impact on downstream water quality
- Lag time to construct and upgrade collection and treatment facilities and problems identified by monitoring
- What is the appropriate baseline – current or pre-mining